## **Ordinary Differential Equations**

## Problem Set 2

1. Find the general solution of the ODEs:

(a) 
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right).$$
  
(b)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \left(\frac{t+x+1}{t+2}\right) - \exp\left(\frac{t+x+1}{t+2}\right).$   
(c)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{t+2x+1}{2t+x+2}.$   
(d)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 3|x|^{2/3}.$   
(e)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = (t-x+3)^2.$ 

2. Solve the following initial value problems:

(a) 
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{t}{1+t}x + 1$$
, with the initial condition:  $x(0) = 0$ .  
(b)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{e^{-x^2}}{x(2t+t^2)}$ , with the initial condition:  $x(2) = 0$ .  
(c)  $\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{\cos t}{\cos^2 x}$ , with the initial condition:  $x(\pi) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

- 3. Give a first order ODE for the curve  $y = cx^2$ , where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  is a parameter.
- 4. Transform the ODE

$$t^2\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 3t\frac{dx}{dt} + x = \frac{2}{t},$$

to the new coordinates  $y = x, s = \log t$ . You need not solve it.

5. Show that the ODE

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = t^{n-1} f\left(\frac{x}{t^n}\right)$$

can be solved using the new variable  $y = \frac{x}{t^n}$ .

6. Solve the following ODE

$$x\frac{dy}{dx} + 3x = 2y$$

using an integrating factor  $\mu(x)$ .