# Indian Institute of Technology Bombay 

## MA 414: Algebra I

## Mid Semester Examination

Date \& Time: 23 Feb 2008, 10.30 AM - 12.30 PM
Max Marks : 25
Note: Throughout $n$ denotes a positive integer, $S_{n}$ the group of permutations of $\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$, and $\mathrm{GL}_{n}(\mathbb{R})$ the group of $n \times n$ nonsingular matrices with entries in the set $\mathbb{R}$ of all real numbers.
Q. 1 Define the cycle-type of a permutation in $S_{n}$. Given any $\sigma, \tau \in S_{n}$, show that $\sigma$ and $\tau$ are conjugate to each other if and only if $\sigma$ and $\tau$ have the same cycle-type. [2 marks]
Q. 2 Define the center of a group. Prove that for $n \geq 3$, the center of $S_{n}$ is trivial and for $n \geq 1$, the center of $\mathrm{GL}_{n}(\mathbb{R})$ consists precisely of the scalar matrices, that is, matrices of the form $c I_{n}$ where $c \in \mathbb{R}$.
[3 marks]
Q. 3 Define when a group is said to be (i) simple, and (ii) solvable. Show that a simple group is solvable if and only if it is abelian. Further show that an abelian group is simple if and only if it is cyclic of prime order.
[3 marks]
Q. 4 Let $G$ be a group. Define the upper central series $\left\{Z_{i}(G)\right\}_{i \geq 0}$ and the lower central series $\left\{G^{i}\right\}_{i \geq 0}$ of $G$. Show that if $Z_{n}(G)=G$ for some $n \geq 1$, then $G^{n}=\{1\}$. Prove any auxiliary results that you may require.
[2 marks]
Q. 5 Let $G$ be a transitive subgroup of $S_{n}$.
(a) If $N \unlhd G$ and if $O_{1}, \ldots, O_{k}$ denote the disjoint orbits with respect to the natural action of $N$ on $\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$, then show that for any $j=2, \ldots, k$, there exists $\sigma_{j} \in G$ such that $\sigma_{j}\left(O_{1}\right)=O_{j}$. Deduce that $k \mid n$ and $\left|O_{j}\right|=\frac{n}{k}$ for $j=1, \ldots, k$.
(b) If $\{1\} \neq N \unlhd G$ and if $N$ is $p$-group for some prime $p$, then show that $p \mid n$.
(c) If $G$ is nilpotent, then for every prime $p$ dividing $|G|$, show that $p \mid n$. [5 marks]
Q. 6 (a) Define the composition series of a group.
(b) State the Jordan-Hölder Theorem.
(c) Determine a composition series for the dihedral group $D_{12}$ of order 24 and the symmetric group $S_{6}$ of order 720 .
Q. 7 Give an example of a group $G$ such that every finite group is isomorphic to a subgroup of $G$. Justify your answer.
Q. 8 Show that the group $Q_{8}$ of quaternions is not the semidirect product of any two of its subgroups.
Q. 9 Let $G$ be a finitely generated abelian group, with group operation written additively. Show that $T:=\{x \in G: n x=0$ for some $n \geq 1\}$ is a finite subgroup of $G$. [3 marks]

Bonus Problems: Write the complete statement and a solution of any of the bonus problems from any of the Exercise sets given thus far.

